

12) The U.S. hike in H-1B Visa fees exposes India's dependence on foreign job markets. Analyse its implications and suggest measures for India to reduce this reliance

After the 50% tariff on Indian goods in September 2025, the US government has now increased the fees in H-1B Visa, giving a blow on India's exports of goods and services to one of its biggest markets. With 1.5% increase in Indian settlement in U.S., in the last decade, it exposes India's dependence on foreign markets.

1) Large amount of brain-drain towards U.S.

Introduction:

Good - You started with the context of tariff and H-1B visa hike, connecting it with India's dependence.

Improve - Instead of detailing tariff history, you could directly link the visa fee hike to IT and workforce dependence for sharper focus.

Implications of India's dependence

Body:

Good - You covered brain drain, economic and workforce impacts, even added a diagram which enriches the answer.

Improve - Some points are written as notes; converting them into short, connected sentences would improve flow. Adding geopolitical angle and a stronger mention of solutions like diversification of job markets would make it more balanced.

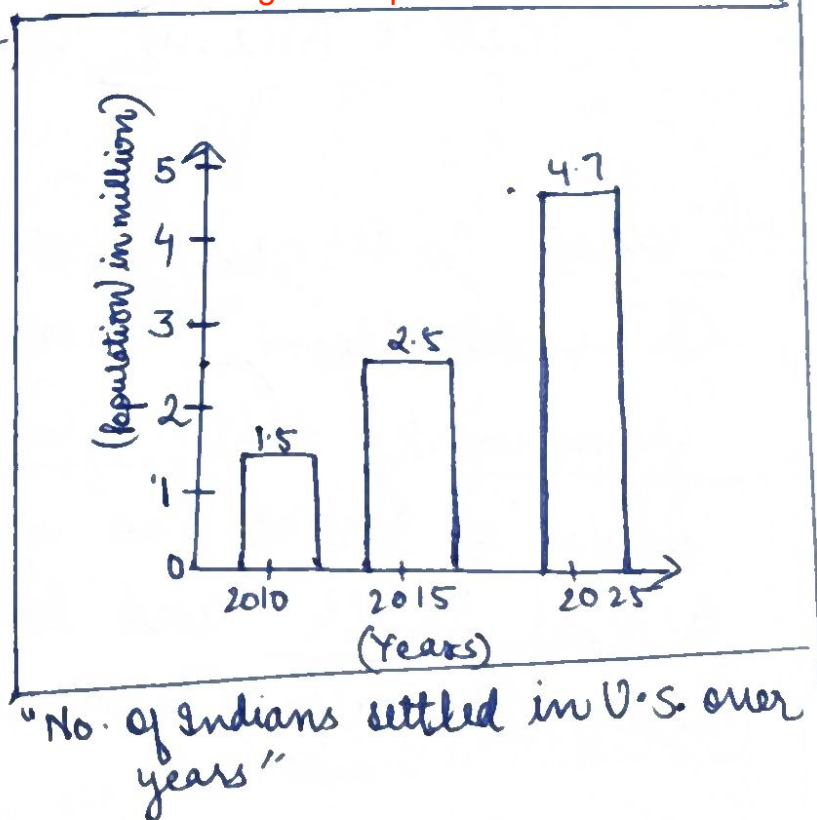
Conclusion:

Good - You emphasized sustainable development, infrastructure, R&D, and policies for retaining talent in India.

Improve - Conclusion is slightly long; a concise closing line on self-reliance and reducing overdependence on the US would make it stronger.

These implications are harmful for India's economic and human health. Therefore certain measures need to be taken up :-

1) Work out the problem -> Certain interviews have revealed that Indians do not see their tax money getting used optimistically, making them search a better job environment. Therefore working on using the tax money for public good is essential.





2) Inadequate infrastructure → A government data revealed that urban population may reach 800mn from 400mn in the coming decade at constant rate. Limited funding will contract growth and improper transport and road facilities will not let people from far away reach work on time. Therefore development of infrastructure is necessary for reducing India's reliance.

3) R&D facilities → Providing adequate funding for research and development and providing incentives for unique researches. This will create new jobs and instill a sense of nationalism.

Moreover, government policies for the compensation of best brains in India in all the fields inspite of reservation policies needs to be developed. These inclusive approaches and community coordination will lead to reduced foreign reliance and sustainable development.